



# **Barrow AFC**

## **Preventing Extremism and Radicalisation Policy and Guidance**

**Date:**

**Agreed by the board on 28/02/22**

## 1. Introduction

Since 2010, when the Government published the Prevent Strategy, there has been an awareness of the specific need to safeguard children, young people and families from violent extremism. There have been several occasions both locally and nationally in which extremist groups have attempted to radicalise vulnerable children and young people to hold extreme views including views justifying political, religious, sexist or racist violence, or to steer them into a rigid and narrow ideology that is intolerant of diversity and leaves them vulnerable to future radicalisation.

**Barrow AFC** values freedom of speech and the expression of beliefs / ideology as fundamental rights underpinning our society's values. Those we engage with, and all employees have the right to speak freely and voice their opinions. However, freedom comes with responsibility and free speech that is designed to manipulate the vulnerable or that leads to violence and harm of others goes against the moral principles in which freedom of speech is valued. Free speech is not an unqualified privilege; it is subject to laws and policies governing equality, human rights, community safety and community cohesion.

**Barrow AFC** is committed to providing a secure environment for all, where children and young people feel safe and are kept safe. Everyone at our club recognise that safeguarding is everyone's responsibility irrespective of the role they undertake or whether their role has direct contact or responsibility for children and adults at risk or not.

This Preventing Extremism and Radicalisation Policy is one element within our overall club arrangements to safeguard and promote the welfare of all children and those at risk whether in our Community Trust and Performance Centre or foundation or wherever we engage with. This is in line with our statutory duties set out in education legislation and national guidelines.

Our club's Preventing Extremism and Radicalisation Policy also draws upon DfE Guidance "Keeping Children Safe in Education, 2018", HM government document "Prevent strategy: A guide for local partners in England" and the "Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015".

The Counterterrorism and Security Act 2015 contains a duty on specified authorities, which includes all clubs including academies to have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism. The new legislation will be measured through various inspection frameworks, with clubs and Children Services, measured through OFSTED. The government will be producing guidance to help clubs deliver the required standards (issued under section 29 of the Act).

## 2. Club Ethos and Practice

When operating this Policy, the club uses the following accepted Governmental definition of extremism which is:

*'Vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs; and/or calls for the death of members of our armed forces, whether in this country or overseas'.*

There is no place for extremist views of any kind in our club, whether from internal sources (children, staff or our board members) or external sources (supporter's groups, social media) We regard our club as a safe place where all can explore controversial issues safely. It is a place where our Community Trust and Performance Centre children and others can express this, and our staff can facilitate this – we have a duty to ensure this happens.

As a club we recognise that extremism and exposure to extremist materials and influences can lead to poor outcomes for children and so should be addressed as a safeguarding concern as set out in this Policy. We also recognise that if we fail to challenge extremist views, we are failing to protect those we engage with and those who are our care.

Extremists of all persuasions aim to develop destructive relationships between different communities by promoting division, fear and mistrust of others based on ignorance or prejudice and thereby limiting the life chances of young people. Education and awareness are powerful weapons against this; equipping young people and staff with the knowledge, skills and critical thinking, to challenge and debate in an informed way.

Our Community Trust and Performance Centre children shall receive the staff and outside agencies a broad and balanced education content around prevent delivered by skilled professionals, so that our children are enriched, understand and become tolerant of difference and diversity and also to ensure that they thrive, feel valued and not marginalized.

Please see notes on associated terminology on **appendix 3**

### **3. The Counter Terrorism and Security Act July 2015**

The Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015 was published on 12th March 2015. Section 26 of the Act places a duty on clubs in England (and Wales) to prevent people being drawn into terrorism. This duty applies to all clubs, whether publicly funded or independent, and organisations covered by the Early Years Foundation Stage framework. The duty also applies to children's homes. Statutory guidance has been published and comes into force on 1st July 2015.

Our Club, Community Trust and Performance Centre and foundation shall ensure that we:

- establish or use existing mechanisms for understanding the risk of extremism
- ensure staff understand the risk and build capabilities to deal with it
- communicate and promote the importance of the duty
- ensure staff implement the duty effectively

Duties on our football club shall include:

- effective partnership working with other local agencies, e.g., LSCB, police, health, etc.
- information sharing
- maintaining appropriate records
- assessing local risk of extremism (including Far Right extremism)
- demonstrating we are protecting children
- developing clear protocols for visiting speakers
- safeguarding policies that take account of LSCB policies and procedures
- training staff to give them knowledge and confidence
- ensuring there is robust ICT protocols that filter out extremist materials
- the club shall ensure that our buildings must not be used to give a platform to extremists

Ofsted are responsible for monitoring how well clubs are implementing this duty. Both the Premier League and EFL require these standards to be met by their member clubs.

See **appendix 1** for optional club's audit

#### **4. Recognising the indicators of vulnerability to radicalisation**

There is no such thing as a "typical extremist": those who become involved in extremist actions come from a range of backgrounds and experiences, and most individuals, even those who hold radical views, do not become involved in violent extremist activity.

Children may become susceptible to radicalisation through a range of social, personal and environmental factors - it is known that violent extremists exploit vulnerabilities in individuals to drive a wedge between them and their families and communities. It is vital that club staff are able to recognise those vulnerabilities.

Indicators of vulnerability in clubs or academies may include:

- Identity Crisis – the student / pupil is distanced from their cultural / religious heritage and experiences discomfort about their place in society;
- Personal Crisis – the student / pupil may be experiencing family tensions; a sense of isolation; and low self-esteem; they may have dissociated from their existing friendship group and become involved with a new and different group of friends; they may be searching for answers to questions about identity, faith and belonging.

Personal Circumstances – migration; local community tensions; and events affecting the student / pupil's country or region of origin may contribute to a sense of grievance that is triggered by personal experience of racism or discrimination or aspects of Government policy.

- Unmet Aspirations – the student / pupil may have perceptions of injustice; a feeling of failure; rejection of civic life.

- Experiences of Criminality – which may include involvement with criminal groups, imprisonment, and poor resettlement /reintegration.

- Special Educational Need – students / children may experience difficulties with social interaction, empathy with others, understanding the consequences of their actions and awareness of the motivations of others.

More critical risk factors could include:

- Being in contact with extremist recruiters.
- Accessing violent extremist websites, especially those with a social networking element.
- Possessing or accessing violent extremist literature.
- Using extremist narratives and a global ideology to explain personal disadvantage.
- Justifying the use of violence to solve societal issues.
- Joining or seeking to join extremist organisations; and
- Significant changes to appearance and / or behaviour.
- Experiencing a high level of social isolation resulting in issues of identity crisis and/or personal crisis.

Any prejudice, discrimination or extremist views, including derogatory language, displayed by children or staff will always be challenged and where appropriate dealt with in line with our Behaviour Policy for children and the Code of Conduct/Staff Behaviour policy for staff.

We will ensure that all of our staff are equipped to recognise extremism and are skilled and confident enough to challenge it. All staff will receive WRAP training (Workshop to Raise Awareness of Prevent) and radicalisation and extremism will be an integral part of annual staff safeguarding training. This may be face to face or online and will be proportionate to the role and the risk

Our club is required to identify a Prevent Single Point of Contact (SPOC) who will be the lead within the organisation for safeguarding in relation to protecting individuals from radicalisation and involvement in terrorism. The Safeguarding Manager for our club is Alison Jesson.

When any member of staff has concerns that someone may be at risk of radicalisation or involvement in terrorism, they should speak with the SPOC or member of the club safeguarding team. We will help support anyone who may be vulnerable to such influences as part of our wider safeguarding responsibilities and where we believe someone is being directly affected by extremist materials or influences, we will ensure that that person is offered assistance. Additionally, in such instances our Community Trust and Performance Centre or foundation will seek external support from the Local Authority and/or local partnership structures working to prevent extremism.

Our Community Trust and Performance Centre will closely follow the locally agreed procedure as set out by the Local Safeguarding Children Board for safeguarding individuals vulnerable to extremism and radicalisation.

## **5. Community Trust and Performance Centre Staff Approaches**

Although as a football club the time spent with Community Trust and Performance Centre children and those we engage with may be less than the time they spend in their social environments, their homes or in their communities, it does not absolve us from a commitment to Prevent.

Our actions and responses shall be in addition to the support that which our children receive in those areas.

### **Local authority guidance for clubs and schools state.**

We will all strive to eradicate the myths and assumptions that can lead to some young people becoming alienated and disempowered, especially where the narrow approaches children may experience elsewhere may make it harder for them to challenge or question these radical influences. In our club this will be achieved by good teaching, primarily via Citizenship and PSHE sessions; but also, by adopting the methods outlined in the Government's guidance 'Teaching approaches that help build resilience to extremism among young people' DfE 2011. These approaches include setting targets for young people to build a sense of ownership; creating a safe space for dialogue between staff and children; building resilience in children; improving pupil skills for collaborative work; improving children' ability to interact with each other and a peer mentoring scheme. We will ensure that all of our teaching approaches help our children build resilience to extremism and give children a positive sense of identity through the development of critical thinking skills. The club will promote the values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, mutual respect and tolerance for those with different faiths and beliefs. We will teach and encourage children to respect one another and to respect and tolerate difference, especially those of a different faith or no faith. It is indeed our most fundamental responsibility to keep our children safe and prepare them for life in modern multi-cultural Britain and globally.

We will also work with local partners, families and communities in our efforts to challenge extremist views and to assist in the broadening of our children' experiences and horizons.

## **6. Use of External Agencies and Speakers**

Our club encourages the use of external agencies or speakers to enrich the experiences of our children; however, we will positively vet those external agencies, individuals or speakers who we engage to provide such learning opportunities or experiences for our children. This includes checking the DBS of all external providers, viewing material that will be used beforehand and conducting a social media check on such agencies or individuals.

Such vetting is to ensure that we do not unwittingly use agencies that contradict each other with their messages or that are inconsistent with, or are in complete opposition to, the club's values and ethos.

Our club will assess the suitability and effectiveness of input from external agencies or individuals to ensure that:

- Any messages communicated to children are consistent with the ethos of the club and do not marginalise any communities, groups or individuals
- Any messages do not seek to glorify criminal activity or violent extremism or seek to radicalise children through extreme or narrow views of faith, religion or culture or other ideologies
- Activities are properly embedded in the Community Trust and Performance Centre/foundation curriculum and clearly mapped to schemes of work to avoid contradictory messages or duplication.
- Activities are matched to the needs of children
- Activities are carefully evaluated by the club to ensure that they are effective

Therefore, by delivering a broad and balanced curriculum, augmented by the use of external sources where appropriate, we will strive to ensure our children recognise risk and build resilience to manage any such risk themselves where appropriate to their age and ability but also to help our children develop the critical thinking skills needed to engage in informed debate.

## **7. Whistleblowing**

Where there are concerns of extremism or radicalisation children and staff will be encouraged to make use of our internal systems to whistle blow or raise any issue in confidence. Please refer to the separate Whistleblowing Policy.

## **8. Recruitment**

The arrangements for recruiting of all staff, permanent and volunteers, to our club will follow government, Premier league and EFL guidelines on safer recruitment best practice in football settings, including, but not limited to, ensuring that DBS checks are always made at the appropriate level, that references are always received and checked and that we complete and maintain a Single Central Record of such vetting checks.

We will apply safer recruitment best practice principles and sound employment practice in general and in doing so will deny opportunities for inappropriate recruitment or advancement. We will be alert to the possibility that persons may seek to gain positions within our club so as to unduly influence our club's character and ethos. We are aware that such persons seek to limit the opportunities for our children thereby rendering them vulnerable to extremist views and radicalisation as a consequence.

Therefore, by adhering to safer recruitment best practice techniques and by ensuring that there is an ongoing culture of vigilance within our club and staff team we will minimise the opportunities for extremist views to prevail.

## 9. Role of the SPOC and Head of Safeguarding

Our club will undertake annual training led by the Designated Safeguarding Lead or his deputy to ensure that they are clear about their role and the parameters of their responsibilities as a club including our statutory safeguarding duties.

The safeguarding team, supported by the All Bluebirds' Group will support the ethos and values of our club and will support the club in tackling extremism and radicalisation.

In line with the provisions set out in the DfE guidance 'Keeping Children Safe in Education, September 2018' the SPOC and Head of safeguarding will challenge the club's senior management team on the delivery of this policy and monitor its effectiveness.

The Head of safeguarding will review this policy regularly prior to the start of a new season or academic year (on an annual basis) but may amend and adopt any amendments outside of this timeframe in accordance with any new legislation or guidance.

## 10. Standards for Teachers/Tutors/Coaches in our Community Trust and Performance Centre and foundation

The 2011 (updated 2013) Standards for Teachers (part two) states:

A teacher is expected to demonstrate consistently high standards of personal and professional conduct. The following statements, define the behaviour and attitudes that set the required standard for conduct throughout a teacher's career.

Teachers uphold public trust in the profession and maintain high standards of ethics and behaviour, within and outside club by:

- **Treating children with dignity, building relationships rooted in mutual respect,** and at all times observing proper boundaries appropriate to a teacher's professional position
- **Having regard for the need to safeguard children' well-being, in accordance with statutory provisions showing tolerance of and respect for the rights of others**
- **Not undermining fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect, and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs**
- Ensuring that personal beliefs are not expressed in ways that exploit children' vulnerability or might lead them to break the law.

staff must have proper and professional regard for the ethos, policies and practices of the club in which they work and maintain high standards in their own attendance and punctuality. They must have an understanding of, and always act within, the statutory frameworks that set out their professional duties and responsibilities.

**NB** the phrase '**fundamental British values**' refers to the definition of extremism as articulated in the Prevent Strategy, which was launched in June 2011 and updated recently. It includes the need for clubs to explore with children and students '**democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs**'.

## 11. Policy Adoption, Monitoring and Review



This Policy was considered and adopted by the board in line with their overall duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of children as set out in the DfE guidance 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' September 2018 and our club safeguarding policy in relation to children and adults at risk. It is also compliant with duties as set out in the Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015.

Parents/carers will be issued with a hard copy of this Policy on request. This Policy will also be made available to parents/carers via the club's website.

The club will review this policy annually prior to the start of a new season or academic year but may adopt any amendments outside this timeframe in accordance with any new legislation or guidance.

## **12.Supporting children who are travelling/have travelled abroad to specific locations**

Previously children have travelled abroad either willingly or by coercion for where they have been subject to harm (FGM) or radicalisation. These have occurred inside and outside of set holiday periods.

If you have concerns either post travel or pre travel and/or identify any concerns in relation to extremism as identified above, please refer to your local MASH. If any of the indicators of concern are noted upon return/extremism risk identified then consideration via the MASH will be given to making a referral to Channel, the Channel panel will suggest appropriate intervention. This will be from a safeguarding perspective around a number of issues that will encompass extremism vulnerabilities. If any responses/discussions give further indicators for concern around extremism, then the Local Security and Partnership Officer will be contacted.

## **13.LINKS AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS**

HO Foreign Travel Advice-

<https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel-advice>

Prevent Tragedies

[www.preventtragedies.co.uk](http://www.preventtragedies.co.uk)

**How social media is used to encourage travel to Syria and Iraq**

[https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/440450/How\\_social\\_media\\_is\\_used\\_to\\_encourage\\_travel\\_to\\_Syria\\_and\\_Iraq.pdf](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/440450/How_social_media_is_used_to_encourage_travel_to_Syria_and_Iraq.pdf)

**Promoting British Values through SMSC**

[https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/380595/SMSC\\_Guidance\\_Maintained\\_Clubs.pdf](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/380595/SMSC_Guidance_Maintained_Clubs.pdf)

**Tackling extremism in the UK - Task Force report (see pages 5 - 7)**

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/tackling-extremism-in-the-uk-report-by-the-extremism-taskforce>

**Channel Guidance**

<http://www.acpo.police.uk/documents/TAM/2012/201210TAMChannelGuidance.pdf>

**Prevent Duty (new guidance and consultations doc)**



[https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/388934/45584\\_Prevent\\_duty\\_guidance-a\\_consultation\\_Web\\_Accessible.pdf](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/388934/45584_Prevent_duty_guidance-a_consultation_Web_Accessible.pdf)

Keeping Children Safe in Education September 2018

**Appendix 2 - Supporting children who are travelling/have travelled abroad to specific locations**

Dear Parent

**Travel Abroad**

Name of child/player has advised us that he/she will be travelling to {destination} on {Date} to {Date}.

Travel abroad can be a fantastic learning experience and we encourage children to broaden their life experiences to give them a deeper understanding of how other people live around the world. Any trip during term time is discouraged so that it does not negatively impact children's education, but we do consider any requests on a case-by-case basis.

We are aware that in some countries travel for British Nationals can mean increased risk of terrorist attack. Please see the link below of the latest advice and risks associated to a number of destinations. <https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel-advice>

There have been numerous incidents of young UK nationals travelling abroad which breached current UK legislation, and also legislation of the country of destination if arriving illegally though unsupervised border crossings.

In a handful of cases parents were unaware of their child's plans to travel so this is one of the reasons that we have contacted you to confirm you are fully aware and are happy with the proposed travel arrangements.

Your child's safety is paramount to the club and travel abroad is covered within safeguarding protocols and current legal duties placed upon educational institutions. Please do not hesitate to contact (insert name) on any issues relating to the content of this letter

Yours sincerely

Insert name

### Appendix 3 – Associated terminology

**Al-Qaeda** - An international organization of loosely affiliated groups/cells that carry out attacks and bombings in the attempt to disrupt the economies and influence of Western nations and advance Islamic extremism.

**British**- People who are the inhabitants of Britain (e.g., citizens of England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland, the Isle of Man or one of the Channel Islands, collectively known as the United Kingdom) or an inhabitant of a British overseas territory

**Channel** – A key element of the Prevent Strategy; Channel is about safeguarding children and adults from being drawn into committing terrorist-related activity. It is about early intervention to protect and divert people away from the risk they face before illegality occurs

**English Defence League (EDL)** - The English Defence League is a far right, street protest movement, which opposes what it considers to be a 'spread of Islamism', and Islamic extremism in the United Kingdom.

**Democratic Football Lads Alliance** - A group with similar views to above but based around football 'fans'

**Ethnicity** - This is linked to distinctive shared social, linguistics, physical (e.g., skin colour) cultural and geographical heritage and norms. Religious belonging may be part of these norms. Every person has an ethnicity. To belong to an ethnic group, an individual must see themselves as a member and be seen as others as being a member of the group

**Extremism** - One who advocates or resorts to ideologies and measures beyond the norm, in politics and religion often using violence and terror tactics to make their views known, or to gain power.

**Ideology**- A set of ideas and beliefs of a group, religious or political party

**Identity** - An umbrella term used to describe an individual's understanding of him or herself; identity is influenced by many factors, gender, ethnicity, religion, nationality, culture, family etc.

**Media** - The means of communication that reaches large numbers of people e.g., the television, newspapers, and the internet

**Propaganda** - Ideas or statements that are often false or exaggerated and that are spread in order to help a cause

**Islamophobia** - A hatred or fear of Muslims, their religion and sometimes-related politics or culture.

**Islamist** - A western term used to describe an extreme Muslim usually politicised

**Jihad**- Personal struggle in everyday life; striving to achieve a goal; also used to mean taking up arms if necessary

**Nationalism** - a feeling that people have of being loyal to and proud of their country often with the belief that it is better and more important than other countries

**Nationality** - The status of belonging to a particular nation by origin, birth, or naturalization

**Racism** - This term refers to the deeply rooted but groundless belief that certain groups are inherently inferior to others. Racism is expressed through attitudes, behaviours and institutional policies and procedures. It disadvantages certain groups in terms of housing, job opportunities and education. Some White people experience racism (for example people from Irish, Jewish or Traveller backgrounds).

**Radical** - A word that describes a person who favours extreme or fundamental change in existing institutions or in political, social, or economic conditions

**Resilience** - The ability to recover quickly from change, or misfortune

**Right wing** - A conservative or reactionary element in a political party or other organization, often associated with fascism, nationalism and racism.

**Social media** - Forms of electronic communication (web sites, social networking and blogging) through which users create online communities to share information, ideas, personal messages, and other content e.g., videos.

**Stereotypes** - This involves making generalised assumptions about a person or group; applying these assumptions; expecting people to conform to them

**Terrorism** - The unlawful use or threatened use of force or violence by a person or an organised group against people or property with the intention of intimidating individuals, coercing societies or governments, often for ideological or political reasons.

**Terrorist** - One that engages in acts or an act of terrorism

**Xenophobia** - An unreasonable fear or hatred of foreigners or strangers, or of that, which is different, foreign or strange.